UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA

Craig Casler, as Trustee for the Heirs and Next-of-Kin of Abby Rudolph, deceased, Case No. 0:18-cy-01020

Plaintiffs,

VS.

MEnD Correctional Care, PLLC, et al.,

Defendants.

STIPULATION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER

The parties stipulate that the court may enter the following protective order:

- **1. Definitions.** As used in this protective order:
 - (a) "attorney" means an attorney who has appeared in this action;
 - (b) "Confidential document" means a document designated as Confidential under this protective order;
 - (c) to "destroy" electronically stored information means to delete from all databases, applications, and file systems so that the information is not accessible without the use of specialized tools or techniques typically used by a forensic expert;
 - (d) "document" means information disclosed or produced in discovery, including at a deposition;
 - (e) "notice" or "notify" means written notice;
 - (f) "outside vendors" means translator, messenger, copy, coding and other clerical-services vendors not employed by a party or its Attorneys;
 - (g) "party" means a party to this action; and

- (h) "protected document" means a document protected by a privilege or the work-product doctrine.
- (i) "written assurance" means a signed document in the form attached as Exhibit A.

2. Designating a Document or Deposition as Confidential.

- (a) A party or non-party disclosing or producing a document may designate it as Confidential if the party or non-party contends that it contains Confidential or proprietary information.
- (b) A party or non-party may designate a document as Confidential by conspicuously marking each page with the word "Confidential."
- (e) Deposition testimony may be designated as Confidential:
 - (1) on the record at the deposition; or
 - (2) after the deposition, by written notice to the other parties within 14 days of receipt of the transcript. Unless otherwise agreed, depositions shall be treated as "Confidential" during the 14-day period following receipt of the transcript.
- (f) If a witness is expected to testify as to Confidential or proprietary information, a party or non-party may request that the witness's deposition be taken in the presence of only those persons entitled to receive Confidential documents.
- 3. Good Faith. The parties shall make every reasonable effort to act in good faith to limit and curtail the volume of information, Documents, things, testimony or other materials designated by them as Confidential under this Protective Order; shall use their best efforts to act in good faith to separate out and segregate Documents, things, and other materials containing Confidential information as defined in paragraph 2 from those that do not contain Confidential information; shall restrict access to Confidential information by all persons except as permitted in Paragraph 4.

4. Who May Receive a Confidential Document.

(a) All Confidential documents, along with the information contained in the documents, shall be used solely for the purpose of this action, and no person receiving such documents shall, directly or indirectly, use, transfer, disclose, or communicate in any way the documents or their contents to any person other than those specified in paragraph 4(b). Any other use is prohibited.

- (b) No person receiving a Confidential document may reveal it, except to:
 - (1) the court and its staff;
 - (2) an attorney or an attorney's partner, associate, or staff;
 - (3) a person shown on the face of the Confidential document to have authored or received it;
 - (4) a court reporter or videographer retained in connection with this action;
 - (5) a party (subject to paragraph 4(c)); and
 - (6) any person who:
 - (A) is retained to assist a party or attorney with this action, including outside vendors; and
 - (B) executes a "written assurance" in the form attached as Exhibit A.
- (c) A party may supplement the "Confidential" mark (see paragraph 2(b)) with the words "attorney's eyes only," in which case a Confidential document so designated may not be revealed to another party.
- (d) If a Confidential document is revealed to someone not entitled to receive it, the parties must make reasonable efforts to retrieve it.
- **Maintaining Written Assurances.** Parties' counsel shall be responsible for maintaining the signed original of each such written assurance until the conclusion of these proceedings, including any appeal.
- 6. Serving This Protective Order on a Non-Party. A party serving a subpoena on a non-party must simultaneously serve a copy of this protective order and of Local Rule 5.6. All documents produced by such third parties shall be treated as "Confidential" for a period of 14 days from the date of their production, and during that period any party may designate such documents as "Confidential" pursuant to the terms of the Protective Order.
- 7. Correcting an Error in Designation. A party or non-party who discloses or produces a Confidential document not designated as Confidential may, within 7 days after discovering the error, provide notice of the error and produce a copy of the document designated as Confidential. Any party receiving such improperly-designated documents shall retrieve such documents from persons not entitled to receive those documents and,

upon receipt of the substitute documents, shall return or destroy the improperly designated documents.

8. Use of a Confidential Document in Court.

- (a) Filing. This protective order does not authorize the filing of any document under seal. A Confidential document may be filed only in accordance with LR 5.6.
- (b) Presentation at a hearing or trial. A party intending to present another party's or a non-party's Confidential document at a hearing or trial must promptly notify the other party or the non-party so that the other party or the non-party may seek relief from the court.

9. Changing a Confidential Document's Designation.

- (a) Document disclosed or produced by a party. A Confidential document disclosed or produced by a party remains Confidential unless the parties agree to change its designation or the court orders otherwise.
- (b) Document produced by a non-party. A Confidential document produced by a non-party remains Confidential unless the non-party agrees to change its designation or the court orders otherwise after providing an opportunity for the non-party to be heard.
- (c) Changing a designation by court order. A party who cannot obtain agreement to change a designation may move the court for an order changing the designation. If the motion affects a document produced by a non-party then, with respect to the motion, that non-party is entitled to the same notice and opportunity to be heard as a party. The party or non-party who designated a document as Confidential must show that the designation satisfies Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c).

10. Handling a Confidential Document after Termination of Litigation.

- (a) Within 60 days after the termination of this action (including any appeals), each party must:
 - (1) return or destroy all Confidential documents; and
 - (2) notify the disclosing or producing party that it has returned or destroyed all Confidential documents within the 60-day period.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph 10(a), each attorney may retain a copy of any Confidential document submitted to the court and

correspondence that quotes or describes a Confidential document, and such correspondence remains subject to 4(a).

11. Inadvertent Disclosure or Production to a Party of a Protected Document.

- (a) Notice.
 - (1) A party or non-party who discovers that it has inadvertently disclosed or produced a protected document must promptly notify the receiving party and describe the basis of the claim of privilege or protection. If the party or non-party provides such notice and description, the privilege or protection is not waived.
 - (2) A party who discovers that it may have received an inadvertently disclosed or produced protected document must promptly notify the disclosing or producing party or non-party.
- (b) Handling of Protected Document. A party who is notified or discovers that it may have received a protected document must comply with Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(5)(B).

12. Security Precautions and Data Breaches.

- (a) Each party must make reasonable efforts to protect the Confidentiality of any Confidential document disclosed or produced to that party.
- (b) A party who learns of a breach of Confidentiality must promptly notify the disclosing or producing party of the scope and nature of that breach and make reasonable efforts to remedy the breach.
- 13. Modification of the Protective Order. Any party may apply to the Court for a modification of the Protective Order, and nothing in this Protective Order shall be construed to prevent a party from seeking such further provisions enhancing or limiting Confidentiality as may be appropriate.
- **14. No Waiver.** No action taken in accordance with the Protective Order shall be construed as a waiver of any claim or defense in the action or of any position as to discoverability or admissibility of evidence.
- **15. Survival of Obligations.** The obligations imposed by this protective order survive the termination of this action.

Stipulated to:

BENNEROTTE & ASSOCIATES

Dated: 2/27/2019

In Association with:

By: <u>s/ Vincent J. Moccio</u> Vincent J. Moccio (MN# 184640)

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EXHIBIT A WRITTEN ASSURANCE

	declares that:
I reside at	in the City of
, County of	in the City of State of
My telephone number is	·
I am currently employed by	
located at	, and my
current job title is	
I have read and I understand t	he terms of the Protective Order dated aptioned <i>Casler v. MEnD, et al.</i> 18-cv-1020
(WMW/LIB), pending in the United	States District Court for the District of
Minnesota. I agree to comply with ar	nd be bound by the provisions of the
Protective Order. I understand that a	ny violation of the Protective Order may
subject me to sanctions by the Court.	
I shall not divulge any docume	ents, or copies of documents, designated
	such Protective Order, or the contents of than those specifically authorized by the
, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	use such documents except for the purposes
of this action and pursuant to the ter-	<u>.</u>
<u>-</u>	tion with that action has ended, but not later
•	that action (including any appeals), I will
•	ocument that I received, any copy of or
• •	nt, and any notes or other document that
contains information from a Confide	•
I acknowledge the obligations	imposed by the Protective Order shall
survive the termination of this action	<u>.</u>
I submit myself to the jurisdict	ion of the United States District Court for
,	oose of enforcing or otherwise providing
relief relating to the Protective Order	
\mathbf{c}	ury that the foregoing is true and correct.
Executed on	
(Date)	(Signature)